

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

To the Honorable Managers of Rice Creek Watershed District Blaine, Minnesota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rice Creek Watershed District for the year ended December 31, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated February 10, 2025. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Rice Creek Watershed District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. We noted no transactions entered into by Rice Creek Watershed District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the governmental activities financial statements are:

- the estimates used to calculate the net pension liability, the pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense
- management's estimate of the value of intangible assets (wetland credits)
- present value of the lease liability

Rice Creek Watershed District Communication With Those Charged With Governance Page 2

Management's estimates relating to the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources and pension expense are based on actuarial studies. Management's estimates relating to intangible assets are based on calculations provided by the District's Engineer. Management's estimate of the lease liability is based on the estimated incremental borrowing rate as of January 1, 2021. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. Determining sensitivity is subjective, however, we believe the disclosure most likely to be considered sensitive is Note 13 – Contingencies.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no uncorrected misstatements that have an effect on our opinion on the financial statements. The uncorrected misstatements or the matters underlying them could potentially cause future period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though, in our judgment, such uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements under audit. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 14, 2025.

Rice Creek Watershed District Communication With Those Charged With Governance Page 3

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Rice Creek Watershed District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Rice Creek Watershed District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the individual fund financial statements and supplementary financial information which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section and other information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

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Other Reports

Various reports on compliance and internal controls are contained in the Other Required Reports section of the audited financial statement document.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Managers and management of Rice Creek Watershed District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LLC

St. Paul, Minnesota

March 14, 2025

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

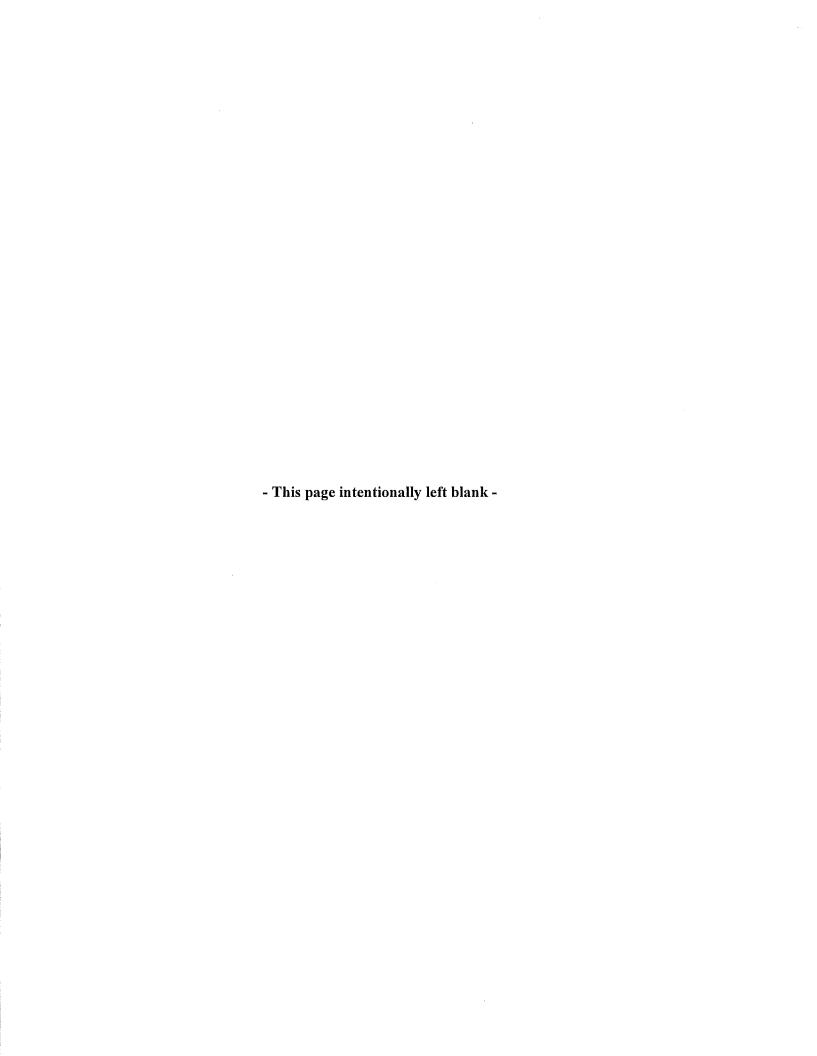


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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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ORGANIZATION December 31, 2024

	Term Expires
Managers:	
Michael J. Bradley - President	January 17, 2027
John J. Waller - First Vice-President	January 17, 2025
Steven P. Wagamon - Second Vice-President	January 17, 2025
Marcie Weinandt - Treasurer	January 17, 2026
Jess Robertson - Secretary	January 17, 2026

Staff:

Administrator:

Nick Tomczik

Project Manager: David Petry

Office Manager: Theresa Stasica

Lake and Stream Manager: Matthew Kocian

Regulatory Manager Patrick Hughes

Communication and Outreach Manager Kendra Sommerfeld

Drainage and Facilities Manager Tom Schmidt

Outreach and Grant Technician Molly Nelson

Regulatory Technician: Anna Grace

Permit Technician: Kelsey White

Technician / Inspector: William Roach Alissa Chalberg

Technical Field Assistant: Abel Green

Connor Price

Water Monitoring Technician: Catherine Nester

Program Support Technician: Emmet Hurley

Project Technician: Sara Belden

Inspector: Erik Larson Sarah Struntz - This page intentionally left blank -

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Managers of Rice Creek Watershed District Blaine, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rice Creek Watershed District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rice Creek Watershed District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rice Creek Watershed District, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Rice Creek Watershed District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Rice Creek Watershed District's 2023 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund in our report dated April 5, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rice Creek Watershed District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rice Creek Watershed District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rice Creek Watershed District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules of pension information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rice Creek Watershed District's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and supplementary financial information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and the supplementary financial information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and other information sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Redpath and Company, LLC

St. Paul, Minnesota

March 14, 2025

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2023

Statement 1

	Primary Go	vernment
	Governmenta	
	2024	2023
Assets: Cash and investments	Φ1.C 52.C 750	Φ14 400 140
Due from other governments	\$16,536,752	\$14,499,148
Accounts receivable - net	107,135	66,210
Interest receivable	-	1,830
	51,394	
Property taxes receivable:		
Delinquent	64,098	55,805
Due from county	34,772	31,200
Special assessments receivable:		
Deferred	122,695	168,366
Special deferred	186,542	186,751
Delinquent	17,917	14,766
Due from county	136	2,222
Prepaid items	50,213	63,216
Capital assets - net:		
Leased asset - net	80,177	176,389
Nondepreciable	1,239,793	1,239,793
Depreciable	828,592	829,093
Total assets	19,320,216	17,334,789
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	130,487_	189,657
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	244,864	209,188
Contracts/retainage payable	4,666	209,100
Due to other governments	106,404	94,846
Deposits payable	1,770,457	1,940,857
Unearned revenue		
Lease liability:	43,228	177,327
Due within one year	97.5/5	100.002
Due in more than one year	87,565	100,993
Compensated absences payable:	-	87,565
Due within one year	67 ,000	60.01 =
Due in more than one year	67,098	60,817
Net pension liability:	10,515	22,897
	1=0 =0-	
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	478,792	698,986
1 otal naomnes	2,813,589	3,393,476
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	335,834	228,608
Total deferred inflows	335,834	228,608
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	2,060,997	2,056,717
Restricted		
Unrestricted	205,341	281,483
Total net position	14,034,942	11,564,162
rotal not boothon	\$16,301,280	\$13,902,362

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	-		Program Revenues Operating	Cap		Net (Expense) Changes in N Primary Go Tota	et Position vernment
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants Contrib		2024	2023
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Programs	\$2,068,258 3,207,439	\$85,614 -	\$22,445 669,929	\$	-	(\$1,960,199) (2,537,510) (2,854)	(\$1,902,023) (2,706,484) (4,822)
Interest expense on debt Total governmental activities	2,854 \$5,278,551	\$85,614	\$692,374		\$0	(4,500,563)	(4,613,329)
	General revenues Property taxes Grants and cont					6,029,722	5,651,969
	restricted to Unrestricted inv Gain on sale of	specific programs restment earnings capital asset				1,594 808,515 59,650	580,075
	Miscellaneous of Total general					6,899,481	40,447 6,272,491
	Change in net pos					2,398,918	1,659,162
	Net position - Jan	uary 1				13,902,362	12,243,200
	Net position - Dec	•				\$16,301,280	\$13,902,362

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2023

Statement 3

Assets	General Fund	509 Planning Special Revenue Fund	Total Governm	
Assets			2024	2023
Cash and investments	\$2,366,365	\$14,170,387	\$16,536,752	\$14,499,148
Due from other governments	-	107,135	107,135	66,210
Accounts receivable - net	-		-	1,830
Accrued interest receivable	51,394	-	51,394	-
Property taxes receivable:			•	
Delinquent	5,470	58,628	64,098	55,805
Due from county	2,820	31,952	34,772	31,200
Special assessments receivable:			•	,
Deferred	-	122,695	122,695	168,366
Special deferred	-	186,542	186,542	186,751
Delinquent	-	17,917	17,917	14,766
Due from county	-	136	136	2,222
Prepaid items	19,947	30,266	50,213	63,216
Total assets	\$2,445,996			
	\$2,443,990	\$14,725,658	\$17,171,654	\$15,089,514
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$16,299	\$228,565	\$244,864	\$209,188
Contracts/retainage payable	-	4,666	4,666	-
Due to other governments	-	106,404	106,404	94,846
Deposits payable	1,770,457	-	1,770,457	1,940,857
Unearned revenue	-	43,228	43,228	177,327
Total liabilities	1,786,756	382,863	2,169,619	2,422,218
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue	5,470	385,781	391,251	283,979
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	19,947	30,266	50,213	63,216
Restricted	-	90,451	90,451	105,527
Committed	_	6,302,359	6,302,359	5,980,916
Assigned	-	7,764,645	7,764,645	5,870,117
Unassigned	633,823	(230,707)	403,116	363,541
Total fund balance	653,770	13,957,014	14,610,784	12,383,317
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$2,445,996	\$14,725,658	\$17,171,654	\$15,089,514
Fund balance reported above			\$14,610,784	\$12,383,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position as	re different because:		Ψ11,010,701	Ψ12,303,317
Capital assets and right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are	not financial resources	and		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			2,148,562	2,245,275
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not current financial res	ources and, therefore, ar	e		
not reported in the funds.			130,487	189,657
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are associated with long-term	n Habilities that are not d	ue		
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	i.		(335,834)	(228,608)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefo	re, are not reported in the	e funds:		
Compensated absences payable			(77,613)	(83,714)
Net pension liability			(478,792)	(698,986)
Lease liability Other large term assets are not available to your for a variety of the large term.			(87,565)	(188,558)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.			201.071	A04.0==
		-	391,251	283,979
Net position of governmental activities		_	\$16,301,280	\$13,902,362

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement 4

		509 Planning Special		
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	Total Governi	nental Funds
		,	2024	2023
Revenues:		•		
General property taxes	\$487,393	\$5,534,036	\$6,021,429	\$5,673,052
Special assessments	-	23,617	23,617	102,286
Intergovernmental	129	528,927	529,056	123,618
Permits	-	85,614	85,614	100,548
Investment income	116,268	692,247	808,515	580,075
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	19,871	19,871	40,447
Total revenues	603,790	6,884,312	7,488,102	6,620,026
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	423,859	1,585,641	2,009,500	1,862,788
Programs	-	3,142,809	3,142,809	2,754,515
Capital outlay	-	64,129	64,129	-
Debt service				
Principal	20,197	80,796	100,993	96,472
Interest	572	2,282	2,854	4,822
Total expenditures	444,628	4,875,657	5,320,285	4,718,597
Revenues over (under) expenditures	159,162	2,008,655	2,167,817	1,901,429
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		59,650	59,650	termining on a constant
Net change in fund balance	159,162	2,068,305	2,227,467	1,901,429
Fund balance - January 1	494,608	11,888,709	12,383,317	10,481,888
Fund balance - December 31	\$653,770	\$13,957,014	\$14,610,784	\$12,383,317

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement 2)

	2024	2023
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities (Statement 2) are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement 4)	\$2,227,467	\$1,901,429
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense:		
Capital outlay	64,129	-
Depreciation expense	(64,630)	(61,180)
Amortization expense	(96,212)	(96,212)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in delinquent property taxes	8,293	(21,083)
Change in delinquent and deferred special assessments	98,979	(116,779)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. loans payable) provide current resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments on lease liabilities	100,993	96,472
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities include		
the effects of the changes in these expense accruals as follows:		
Change in compensated absences payable	6,101	(10,517)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures, however, pension		
expense is reported in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which		
net pension expense differed from pension contributions in the current period.	53,798	(32,968)

Statement 5

\$1,659,162

\$2,398,918

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Rice Creek Watershed District (the District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The District was organized January 18, 1972 under the Minnesota Watershed Act as amended by the Minnesota Water Resources Board as provided in Minnesota Statutes Chapter 112. The District covers areas within the following four counties: Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey and Washington. The District is operated by a five member Board of Managers appointed by the respective County Boards of Commissioners for staggered three year terms. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity should include the primary government and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. There are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*. There are no *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for financial resources to be used for general administrative expenses and for the construction and maintenance of projects of common benefit to the District.

509 Planning Fund (special revenue fund) – has been established to record transactions resulting from the Metropolitan Surface Water Management Act (Chapter 509, Laws of 1982 Minnesota Statutes Section 473.875 to 473.883). Property taxes are committed for the 509 Planning Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved external organizations, such as buying goods and services or payments in lieu of taxes, are similarly treated when they involve other funds of the District. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. BUDGETS

The District prepares annual revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund and 509 Planning Special Revenue Fund. The District monitors budget performance on the fund basis. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board through the disbursement approval process. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the District for budgeting data. All appropriations end with the fiscal year for which they were made. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District.

E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investment balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Investment income is allocated to individual funds on the basis of the fund's equity in the cash and investment pool.

Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices. Investment income is accrued at the balance sheet date.

F. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the District, the local School District and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the District at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the District on or before July 7 and December 2 of the same year. Delinquent collections for November and December are received the following January. The District has no ability to enforce payment of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District recognizes property tax revenue in the period for which the taxes were levied. Uncollectible property taxes are not material and have not been reported.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes received by the District in July, December and January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the District the following January) are classified as due from county. Taxes not collected by the county by December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the District in January are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources because they are not available to finance current expenditures.

G. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE RECOGNITION

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with State Statutes. These assessments are collectible by the District over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the project. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the Board or court action. If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale. Proceeds of sales from tax forfeit properties are remitted to the District in payment of delinquent special assessments. Pursuant to State Statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District generally recognizes special assessment revenue in the period that the assessment roll was adopted by the Board. Uncollectible special assessments are not material and have not been reported.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue from special assessments is recognized by the District when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the District are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments that are collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the District the following January) are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent, deferred and special deferred assessments receivable in governmental funds are completely offset by deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

H. INVENTORIES

The original cost of materials and supplies has been recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. The District does not maintain material amounts of inventories of goods and supplies.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets, and intangible assets such as easements and computer software, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment

5 - 15 years

Vehicles

5 years

Infrastructure

25 years

Temporary easements Life of easements

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay benefits that are attributable to services already rendered, accumulated, and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid is accrued in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

L. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by Resolution of the Board of Managers.

Assigned - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the District's intended use. These constraints are established by the Administrator.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

Unassigned - is the residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

M. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

N. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

O. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications were made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

P. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors (insurance) reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

Q. COMPARATIVE TOTALS

The basic financial statements, required supplementary information, individual fund financial statements, and supplementary financial information include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, from which the summarized information was derived.

R. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The government has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the pension related deferred outflows reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has pension related deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The government also has a type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes and special assessments.

S. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to and deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

T. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The entity has recorded right to use leased assets. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the Board of Managers. All such banks are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Securities pledged as collateral are required to be held in safekeeping by the District or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. Minnesota Statute 118A.03 identifies allowable forms of collateral. The District has no additional deposit policies addressing custodial credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2024, the entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or perfected collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

B. INVESTMENTS

Subject to rating, yield, maturity and issuer requirements as prescribed by statute, Minnesota Statutes 118A.04 and 118A.05 authorize the District to invest in United States securities, state and local securities, commercial paper, time deposits, temporary general obligation bonds, repurchase agreements, Minnesota joint powers investment trust and guaranteed investment contracts.

The District has investments in the Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund (4M fund). The 4M fund is an external investment pool regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M fund is an unrated pool and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The pool is managed to maintain a portfolio weighted average maturity of no greater than 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share. The pool measures its investments at amortized cost in accordance with GASB

Statement No. 79. The 4M Liquid Asset Fund has no redemption requirement. The 4M Plus Fund requires funds to be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period are subject to a penalty equal to 7 days interest on the amount withdrawn.

At December 31, 2024, the amount of investments held in the 4M fund was \$12,756,948. The maximum maturity of 4M fund investments is 14 days.

A summary of the District's cash and investments at December 31, 2024 is as follows:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)		
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	
External investment pool - 4M Fund	AAAm	\$12,756,948	\$12,756,948	\$ -	
Brokered certificates of deposit	Not rated	2,918,871	681,100	2,237,771	
U.S. Treasuries	AAA	1,004,502	-	1,004,502	
Total		\$16,680,321	\$13,438,048	\$3,242,273	
		Total investments		\$16,680,321	
		Deposits		(143,569)	
		Total cash and inves	tments	\$16,536,752	

The deficit deposit balance represents checks which were outstanding at year end. As checks are cashed, amounts are automatically transferred from the 4M fund to fund the disbursements.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy has three levels. Level 1 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted prices for similar assets or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 investments are valued using inputs that are unobservable.

December 31, 2024

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024:

	_	Fair Va	sing		
Investment Type	12/31/2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investments at fair value:	•				
Brokered certificates of deposit	\$2,918,871	\$ -	\$2,918,871	\$ -	
U.S. Treasuries	1,004,502	1,004,502	-	-	
	_	\$1,004,502	\$2,918,871	\$ -	
Investments not categorized:	•				
External investment pool- 4M Fund	12,756,948				
Total investments	\$16,680,321				

C. INVESTMENT RISKS

<u>Credit Risk</u> – this is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The District follows State Statutes in regards to credit risk of investments. To ensure security when considering an investment, the District cross-checks all depositories under consideration against existing investments to make certain that funds in excess of insurance limits are not deposited with the same institution unless collateralized as outlined herein. Furthermore, the Board of Managers will approve all financial institutions, brokers and advisers with which the District will do business.

Interest Rate Risk — this is the risk that changes in the interest rates of debt investments could adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District minimizes interest rate risk by structuring its investment portfolio to ensure that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Concentration of Credit Risk — this is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District diversifies its investments according to type and maturity. The District portfolio, to the extent feasible, contains a mixture of short-term (shorter than one year) and long-term (more than one year) investments. The District attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash-flow requirements. Extended maturities may be used to take advantage of higher yields

<u>Custodial Credit Risk.</u> For investments in securities, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment securities that is in the possession of an outside party. The District minimizes deposit custodial risk by obtaining collateral for all uninsured amounts on deposit and necessary documentation to show compliance.

Note 3 RECEIVABLES

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

•	Major	Funds	
		509 Planning	
	General	Fund	Total
Deferred special assessments	\$ -	\$34,575	\$34,575
Special deferred special assessments	_	186,541	186,541
Delinquent special assessments	-	6,234	6,234
Delinquent property taxes	4,100	44,300	48,400
Total	\$4,100	\$271,650	\$275,750

Note 4 UNAVAILABLE REVENUES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Special Assessment	Total
General Fund 509 Planning Fund	\$5,470 58,628	\$ - 327,153	\$5,470 385,781
Totals	\$64,098	\$327,153	\$391,251

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in process - wetland credits	\$421,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$421,080
Land and permanent easements	818,713	-		818,713
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,239,793	0	0	1,239,793
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Vehicles	190,244	28,803	(56,015)	163,032
Equipment	392,405	35,326	(80,689)	347,042
Infrastructure	817,771	-	-	817,771
Temporary easements	30,000	-	-	30,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,430,420	64,129	(136,704)	1,357,845
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Vehicles	155,401	9,671	(56,015)	109,057
Equipment	314,653	21,748	(80,689)	255,712
Infrastructure	108,273	32,711	` _ ′	140,984
Temporary easements	23,000	500	_	23,500
Total accumulated depreciation	601,327	64,630	(136,704)	529,253
Total capital assets being depreciated - net	829,093	(501)		828,592
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$2,068,886	(\$501)	\$0	\$2,068,385

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:
General government
Programs
44,630
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities
\$64,630

Note 6 RIGHT TO USE LEASED ASSET

The District has a lease agreement for office space which is recorded as a right to use leased asset as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Right to use leased asset: Leased office space	\$465,025	\$	<u> </u>	\$465,025
Less accumulated amortization for: Leased office space	288,636	96,212		384,848
Total right to use leased asset - net	\$176,389	(\$96,212)	\$0	\$80,177

Note 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District participates in the General Employees Retirement Plan (General Plan) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). Plan provisions are established and administered according to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353, 353D, 353E, 353G and 356. Minnesota Statutes Chapter 356 defines each plan's financial reporting requirements. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Membership in the General Plan includes employees of counties, cities, townships, schools in non-certified positions, and other governmental entities whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, or assessments. Plan membership is required for any employee who is expected to earn more than \$425 in a month, unless the employee meets exclusion criteria.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. When a member is "vested," they have earned enough service credit to receive a lifetime monthly benefit after leaving public service and reaching an eligible retirement age. Members who retire at or over their Social Security full retirement age with at least one year of service qualify for a retirement benefit.

The General Employees Plan requires three years of service to vest. Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of the Step or Level formulas. Only the Level formula is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under the Step formula, General Plan members receive 1.2% of the highest average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under the Level formula, General Plan members receive 1.7% of the highest average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full retirement benefit is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. Members can receive a reduced requirement benefit as early as age 55 if they have three or more years of service. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 0.25% for each month under age 65. Members with 30 or more years of service can retire at any age with a reduction of 0.25% for each month the member is younger than age 62. The Level formula allows General Plan members to receive a full retirement benefit at age 65 if they were first hired before July 1, 1989 or at age 66 if they were hired on or after July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 55 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. The 2024 annual increase was 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a prorated increase.

C. CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapters 353, 353E, 353G, and 356 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

General Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the District was required to contribute 7.50% for General Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$89,469. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. PENSION COSTS

At December 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$478,792 for its proportionate share of the General Employee's Fund net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$12,381.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0130% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0125% for the beginning of the period.

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$478,792
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	12,381
Total	\$491,173

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$57,784 for its proportionate share of the General Plan's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$332 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$170.1 million to the General Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the General Employees Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$170.1 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The District recognized \$22,113 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the District reported General Employees Fund deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual economic experience	\$45,065	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,378	181,199
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	140,744
Changes in proportion	34,922	13,891
Employer contributions		
subsequent to the measurement date	48,122	
Total	\$130,487	\$335,834

The \$48,122 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Pension
December 31,	Expense
2025	(143,013)
2026	(23,508)
2027	(50,254)
2028	(36,694)
2029	-
Thereafter	

The net pension liability will be liquidated by the general fund.

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

The long-term investment rate of return is based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of investment return rates considered reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.00% is within that range.

Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Plan.

Salary growth assumptions range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

Actuarial assumptions for General Plan are reviewed every four years. The General Plan was last reviewed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2024:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced
 retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement
 rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%		
International equity	16.5%	5.30%		
Fixed income	25.0%	0.75%		
Private markets	25.0%	5.90%		
Total	100%			

F. DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2024 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

G. PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
Proportionate share of the			
General Plan net pension liability	\$1,045,759	\$478,792	\$12,410

H. PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.mnpera.org.

Note 8 FUND BALANCE

A. CLASSIFICATIONS

At December 31, 2024, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

		509 Planning
	6 In 1	Special
Nonspendable:	General Fund	Revenue Fund
Prepaid items	\$19,947	\$30,266
Committed for:	\$19,947	\$50,200
60-15 SW Management C-S	_	1,274,580
80-15 Municipal Public Drainage System Maintenance	-	119,058
90-01 Water Quality Grant Program	-	408,721
99-60 Project Anticipation - Restoration	•	2,700,000
99-80 Project Anticipation - Nestoration	-	1,400,000
99-90 Project Anticipation - Lake & Stream	-	200,000
99-95 Project Anticipation - District Facility	-	200,000
Total Committed Fund Balance:		6,302,359
Assigned for:	U	0,302,339
60-01 Anoka Chain of Lakes WMP		259,924
60-03 Lower Rice Creek WMP	-	239,924 18,915
60-04 Middle Rice Creek WMP	-	,
60-06 Baid Eagle Lake WMP	•	22,673
60-08 RCD 2,3&5 WMP	-	126,964
	-	749,985
60-11 Regional Water Management PP 60-24 Southwest Urban Lakes Imp	-	7,307
60-29 Clear Lake WMP	-	75,149
60-35 Stormwater Master Plan	-	157,167
	•	38,409
60-36 Municipal CIP early coordination	•	184
60-37 Groundwater management & stormwater reuse	•	12,067
80-01 Natural Waterway Management	•	20,408
80-02 Ditch Maintenance	-	58,543
80-03 Repair reports & studies	•	8,461
80-08 RCD 4 repair	-	56,128
80-21 AWJD 3 Repair	•	22,621
80-23 ACD 15 & AWJD 4	-	361,484
80-25 ACD 53-62 Repair	•	63,525
90-26 Common Carp Management	-	18,404
90-27 Curly Leaf Pond Management	-	64,201
Communication and outreach	-	260,048
Information management	-	423,468
Regulatory purposes	-	1,190,558
District facilities	-	1,151,919
Lake and stream management	-	668,915
Ditch and creek maintenance	-	1,188,244
Restoration		738,974
Total Assigned Fund Balance: Restricted for:	0	7,764,645
		00.106
60-05 Bald Eagle Lake WMD 80-04 ACD 10-22-32 WMD	-	28,486
80-06 ACD 46 WMD	-	14,572
80-22 ACD 15 & AWJD 4 WMD	-	29,026
Total Restricted Fund Balance:	<u> </u>	18,367
Unassigned*	U	90,451
80-05 ACD 31 WMD		. (6.006)
80-07 RCD 4 WMD	-	(6,926)
	-	(115,847)
80-20 WJD 2 Branch 1/2 repair 80-24 ACD 53-62 WMD	-	(17,677)
	-	(89,489)
90-04 Surface Water Monitoring	-	(768)
General Fund	633,823	
Total Unassigned Fund Balance:	633,823	(230,707)
Total Olidasigned Fulld Datanee,	033,623	(230,707)
Total	\$653,770	\$13,957,014
		4.0,001,017

^{*}Deficit fund balances in WMD projects will be eliminated with future restricted revenue collections

B. MINIMUM UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE POLICY

The District has formally adopted a policy regarding minimum unassigned and assigned fund balances. The most significant revenue source of the District is property taxes. The revenue source is received in two installments during the year – June and December. As such, it is the District's goal to begin each fiscal year with sufficient working capital to fund operations between each semi-annual receipt of property taxes.

The policy establishes a year end targeted unassigned fund balance (General Fund) and assigned fund balance (509 Planning Fund) amount for cash flow timing needs of not less than 40% of the subsequent year's budgeted operating expenditures. At December 31, 2024, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 118% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures. The assigned fund balance of the 509 Planning Fund was sufficient to meet policy requirements.

Note 9 FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS - COMPLIANCE AUDITS

The District receives financial assistance from federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at December 31, 2024.

Note 10 COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

Compensated absences activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	12/31/2023	Additions	Deletions*	12/31/2024	One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$83,714	\$ -	(\$6,101)	\$77,613	\$67,098

^{*}The change in compensated absences payable is presented as a net change.

Note 11 LEASE LIABILITY

The District has a lease agreement for office space though October 31, 2025. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2% which is the District's incremental borrowing rate. There are no variable payment components.

Beginning			Ending	
Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	
		****		_
\$188,558	\$ -	(\$100,993)	\$87,565	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

The future minimum lease liability and the net present value of the related payments as of December 31, 2024 was as follow:

Year Ending	Principal	Interest	
December 31	Payments	Payments	Total
2025	87,565	805	88,370

Note 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters.

Workers compensation coverage is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The District pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The District is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through Workers Compensation Reinsurance Association (WCRA) as required by law. For workers compensation, the District is not subject to a deductible. The District's workers compensation coverage is retrospectively rated. With this type of coverage, final premiums are determined after loss experience is known. The amount of premium adjustment, if any, is considered immaterial and not recorded until received or paid.

Property and casualty insurance coverage is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the LMCIT. The District pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The District is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess various amounts. The District retains risk for deductible portions. These deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years. Any pending claims against the District are expected to be fully covered by the District's insurance.

Note 13 CONTINGENCIES

In settlement agreements approved in 2005, the District committed that when development occurs on two tracts then owned by the Metro Shooting Center and Trost, the application of the District's wetland rules will not have the result of affording the owner for the Metro Shooting parcel fewer than 100 contiguous non-wetland acres for development, and the owner of the Trost parcel no fewer than 45 such acres. If additional wetland replacement/mitigation is required under regulatory programs administered by the District to attain the stated acreage, the District will bear the cost of that replacement/mitigation. The District is unable at this time to estimate the District expense if and when the liability should arise.

Note 14 COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2024, the District had the following commitment:

Ramsey County Ditch 4 Project Remaining Commitment \$3,191

The District has pledged future special assessment collections on the RCD4 project to pay this commitment.

RICE CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

Note 15 RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) recently approved the following statements which were not implemented for these financial statements:

Statement No. 102 Certain Risk Disclosures. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103 Financial Reporting Model Improvements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

Statement No. 104 Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets. The provisions of this Statement are effective for Reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

The effect these standards may have on future financial statements is not determinable at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement 6

	Budgeted	Amounts	2024 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2023 Actual Amounts
Revenues:	Original	Final			
General property taxes:					
Current and delinquent:					
Ramsey County	\$239,643	\$239,643	\$236,114	(\$3,529)	\$252,746
Anoka County	150,072	150,072	147,878	(2,194)	144,418
Washington County	101,369	101,369	99,880	(1,489)	97,294
Hennepin County	3,574	3,574	3,521	(53)	3,885
Total general property taxes	494,658	494,658	487,393	(7,265)	498,343
Intergovernmental	No.	-	129	129	124
Investment income	28,877	28,877	116,268	87,391	144,601
Miscellaneous		-		-	128
Total revenues	523,535	523,535	603,790	80,255	643,196
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Hydrological engineering	58,250	58,250	41,106	17,144	44,349
Legal	50,000	50,000	34,698	15,302	35,103
Wages	252,875	252,875	242,193	10,682	238,358
Manager's per diem	33,750	33,750	26,875	6,875	29,250
Manager's travel and expense	8,000	8,000	9,265	(1,265)	7,392
Publication information and education	21,000	21,000	19,023	1,977	16,916
Contract services	25,000	25,000	18,648	6,352	17,767
Insurance	8,000	8,000	6,554	1,446	6,637
Office expense	17,118	17,118	8,430	8,688	10,890
Publication information and education	11,700	11,700	3,781	7,919	2,897
Dues and memberships	15,642	15,642	13,286	2,356	14,721
Debt Service:					
Principal	22,200	22,200	20,197	2,003	19,294
Interest	-		572_	(572)	965
Total expenditures	523,535	523,535	444,628	78,907	444,539
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$0	\$0	159,162	\$159,162	198,657
Fund balance - January 1			494,608		295,951
Fund balance - December 31			\$653,770		\$494,608

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - 509 PLANNING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement 7 Page 1 of 2

				Variance with Final Budget -	
			2024 Actual	Positive	2023 Actual
D	Budgeted		Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Revenues:	Original	Final			
General property taxes:					
Current and delinquent:	A.				
Ramsey County	\$2,715,454	\$2,715,454	\$2,681,030	(\$34,424)	\$2,624,469
Anoka County	1,700,506	1,700,506	1,678,949	(21,557)	1,499,609
Washington County	1,148,635	1,148,635	1,134,073	(14,562)	1,010,284
Hennepin County	40,497	40,497	39,984	(513)	40,347
Total general property taxes	5,605,092	5,605,092	5,534,036	(71,056)	5,174,709
Special assessments	26,782	26,782	23,617	(3,165)	102,286
Intergovernmental	-	-	528,927	528,927	123,494
Permits	85,528	85,528	85,614	86	100,548
Investment income	430,826	430,826	692,247	261,421	435,474
Miscellaneous	2,405	2,405	19,871	17,466	40,319
Total revenues	6,150,633	6,150,633	6,884,312	733,679	5,976,830
Expenditures:					
Planning and projects:					
Information management:					
Boundary management program	5,000	5,000	769	4 221	15 464
District-wide model	40,000	40,000	12,622	4,231 27,378	15,464 37,459
Database & viewer maintenance	65,000	65,000		,	
District website	5,000	•	26,678	38,322	31,503
Communication & outreach:	3,000	5,000	3,194	1,806	55,253
Water communication and outreach	15,000	15,000	11 000	2 101	1.601
Master water steward program		15,000	11,899	3,101	1,691
Outreach partnership	15,000	15,000	10,254	4,746	7,000
Mini-grants program	32,000	32,000	25,780	6,220	26,420
Engineering & technical support	10,000	10,000	8,015	1,985	6,935
Watershed plan maintenance	6,000	6,000	3,677	2,323	3,620
Restoration projects:	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	3,354
	200.000	200.000	100.000	(400.000)	
Anoka Chain of Lakes water management project	300,000	300,000	490,993	(190,993)	24,378
Lower Rice Creek water management project	175,000	175,000	64,481	110,519	27,382
Middle Rice Creek water management project	10,000	10,000		10,000	913
Bald Eagle Lake WMD	31,789	31,789	3,517	28,272	9
Bald Eagle Lake water management project	110,000	110,000	16,634	93,366	12,185
RCD 2, 3 & 5 basic water management project	200,000	200,000	19,206	180,794	110,796
Regional water management partnership projects	50,000	50,000	-	50,000	67,838
Stormwater management cost share	632,000	632,000	22,702	609,298	179,932
Southwest urban lakes implementation	75,000	75,000	1,411	73,589	13,889
Clear Lake water quality	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	14
Stormwater master planning	50,000	50,000	33,451	16,549	10,000
Municipal CIP early coordination	10,000	10,000	4,625	5,375	119
Groundwater management & stormwater reuse Regulatory:	65,000	65,000	40,638	24,362	3,966
Rule revision & permit guidance	£0.000	50.000	27.044	10.155	
Permit review, inspection & coordination	50,000	50,000	37,844	12,156	-
i orinit review, inspection & coordination	950,000	950,000	597,534	352,466	677,463

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - 509 PLANNING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	2024 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2023 Actual Amounts
Expenditures: (continued)	Original	Final			
Ditch and creek maintenance:					
Municipal public drainage system maintenance	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$ -	\$50,000	\$ -
Repair reports & studies	200,000	200,000	199,457	543	176,733
Ditches - maintenance	335,000	335,000	326,871	8,129	156,921
Natural waterway management	10,000	10,000	_	10,000	-
ACD 10-22-32 WMD	14,124	14,124	_	14,124	<u>.</u>
ACD 46 WMD	39,710	39,710	11,990	27,720	•
RCD 4 WMD	145,000	145,000	133,423	11,577	83,959
RCD 4 repair	95,000	95,000	89,649	5,351	861
AWJD 3 repair	130,000	130,000	268,772	(138,772)	173,132
ACD 15 & AWJD 4	248,370	248,370	3	248,367	3
ACD 53-62 WMD	42,985	42,985	13,799	29,186	219,928
ACD 53-62 repair	100,000	100,000	29,359	70,641	121,750
District facilities:	200,000	100,000	_,,,	,	,
District facilities repair	301,000	301,000	_	301,000	1,391
Inspection, operation & maintenance	120,000	120,000	105,675	14,325	48,052
Lake and stream management:	0,000	,	,	,	,
Water quality grant program	287,000	287,000	179,095	107,905	94,936
Surface water monitoring program	240,000	240,000	221,061	18,939	149,482
Common carp management	200,000	200,000	120,304	79,696	183,350
Curly leaf pondweed management	50,000	50,000	7,427	42,573	26,434
Total projects and planning	5,589,978	5,589,978	3,142,809	2,447,169	2,754,515
Capital outlay	93,750	93,750	64,129	29,621	0
Administrative:		70,.00	0.,.=		
Employee education	40,050	40,050	20,939	19,111	13,152
Legal fees	16,500	16,500	9,016	7,484	13,274
Staff travel	4,125	4,125	2,644	1,481	1,352
Office expense	362,277	362,277	241,544	120,733	274,789
Payroll taxes	96,541	96,541	76,774	19,767	66,268
Rent	,0,511	,0,0 11	-		1,419
Salaries and wages	1,518,783	1,518,783	1,234,724	284,059	1,068,254
Total administrative	2,038,276	2,038,276	1,585,641	452,635	1,438,508
Debt service:	2,030,270	2,030,270	1,000,011	102,000	
Principal	88,800	88,800	80,796	8,004	77,178
Interest	-	-	2,282	(2,282)	3,857
Total debt service	88,800	88,800	83,078	5,722	81,035
Total expenditures	7,810,804	7,810,804	4,875,657	2,935,147	4,274,058
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(\$1,660,171)	(\$1,660,171)	2,008,655	\$3,668,826	1,702,772
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	<u>.</u>	59,650	59,650	
Net change in fund balance	(\$1,660,171)	(\$1,660,171)	2,068,305	\$3,728,476	1,702,772
Fund balance - January 1			11,888,709		10,185,937
Fund balance - December 31			\$13,957,014		\$11,888,709

RICE CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND For The Last Ten Years

Statement 8

					District's			
					Proportionate			
					Share of the		Proportionate	
				State's	Net Pension		Share	
				Proportionate	Liability and		of the	
			District's	Share (Amount)	the State's		Net Pension	
		District's	Proportionate	of the Net	Proportionate		Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
		Proportionate	Share (Amount)	Pension	Share of the Net		Percentage	Net Position as
Measurement	Fiscal Year	(Percentage) of	of the Net	Liability	Pension Liability		of its	a Percentage
Date	Ending	the Net Pension	Pension	Associated with	Associated with	Covered	Covered	of the Total
June 30	December 31	Liability	Liability (a)	District (b)	District (a+b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll (a+b)/c	Pension Liability
2015	2015	0.0115%	\$595,990	\$ -	\$595,990	\$677,008	88.0%	78.2%
2016	2016	0.0116%	941,862	12,247	954,109	719,843	132.5%	68.9%
2017	2017	0.0115%	734,152	9,210	743,362	739,145	100.6%	75.9%
2018	2018	0.0121%	671,258	22,024	693,282	814,170	85.2%	79.5%
2019	2019	0.0119%	657,924	20,499	678,423	844,687	80.3%	80.2%
2020	2020	0.0121%	725,450	22,239	747,689	860,483	86,9%	79.1%
2021	2021	0.0122%	520,995	15,818	536,813	876,721	61.2%	87.0%
2022	2022	0.0127%	1,005,844	29,551	1,035,395	953,338	108.6%	76.7%
2023	2023	0.0125%	698,986	19,202	718,188	991,735	72.4%	83.1%
2024	2024	0.0130%	478,792	12,381	491,173	1,096,114	44.8%	89.1%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

For The Last Ten Years

Statement	t 9

Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$53,360	\$53,360	\$ -	\$711,468	7.5%
2016	52,836	52,836	-	704,475	7.5%
2017	59,502	59,502	-	793,365	7.5%
2018	62,890	62,890	-	838,543	7.5%
2019	63,344	63,344	-	844,589	7.5%
2020	65,413	65,413	-	872,181	7.5%
2021	67,107	67,107	-	894,765	7.5%
2022	73,669	73,669	-	982,241	7.5%
2023	79,171	79,171	-	1,055,613	7.5%
2024	89,469	89,469	-	1,192,923	7.5%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO RSI

December 31, 2024

Note A LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The General Fund and 509 Planning Special Revenue Fund budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for both funds.

Note B PENSION INFORMATION

PERA - General Employees Retirement Fund

2024 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The following changes in assumptions are effective with the July 1, 2024 valuation, as recommended in the most recent experience study (dated June 29, 2023):

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the
 most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

2024 Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

2023 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.50% to 7.00%.

2023 Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million was contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.50% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

2021 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO RSI

December 31, 2024

2020 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were decreased 0.25% and assumed rates of retirement were changed resulting in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination and disability were also changed.
- Base mortality tables were changed from RP-2014 tables to Pub-2010 tables, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

2020 Changes in Plan Provisions:

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2019 Changes in the Plan Provisions:

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

2017 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

2016 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GENERAL FUND

December 31, 2024

With Comparative Amounts For December 31, 2023

Statement 10

	2024	2023
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$2,366,365	\$2,433,257
Accrued interest receivable	51,394	-
Property taxes receivable:		
Delinquent	5,470	4,893
Due from county	2,820	2,741
Prepaid items	19,947	23,044
Total assets	\$2,445,996	\$2,463,935
Liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and fund balance		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$16,299	\$12,130
Due to other governments	- -	11,447
Deposits payable	1,770,457	1,940,857
Total liabilities	1,786,756	1,964,434
Deferred inflow of resources:		
Unavailable revenue	5,470	4,893
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable	19,947	23,044
Unassigned	633,823	471,564
Total fund balance	653,770	494,608
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and fund balance	\$2,445,996	\$2,463,935

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement 11

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
General property taxes	\$487,393	\$498,343
Intergovernmental	129	124
Investment income	116,268	144,601
Miscellaneous		128
Total revenues	603,790	643,196
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	423,859	424,280
Debt service:		
Principal	20,197	19,294
Interest	572	965
Total expenditures	444,628	444,539
Revenues over expenditures	159,162	198,657
Fund balance - January 1	494,608	295,951
Fund balance - December 31	\$653,770	\$494,608

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Exhibit 1

509 PLANNING FUND - COMMUNICATION & OUTREACH - 30

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		202	4		
				Variance with	
				Final Budget -	
	Budgeted A			Positive	2023
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				_	
General property taxes	\$225,344	\$225,344	\$222,035	(\$3,309)	\$226,386
Intergovernmental	-	-	58	58	56
Investment income	14,014	14,014	22,518	8,504	12,829
Miscellaneous income	-	-	_	-	6,000
Total revenues	239,358	239,358	244,611	5,253	245,271
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Administration	159,968	159,968	151,827	8,141	126,079
Programs:					ŕ
Watershed communication & outreach	15,000	15,000	11,899	3,101	1,691
Master water steward program	15,000	15,000	10,254	4,746	7,000
Outreach partnership	32,000	32,000	25,780	6,220	26,420
Mini-grants program	10,000	10,000	8,015	1,985	6,935
Engineering & technical support	6,000	6,000	3,677	2,323	3,620
Watershed plan maintenance	5,000	5,000	- -	5,000	3,354
Debt Service:				,	,
Principal	11,100	11,100	10,099	1,001	9,647
Interest	-	-	285	(285)	482
Total expenditures	254,068	254,068	221,836	32,232	185,228
Revenues over expenditures	(\$14,710)	(\$14,710)	22,775	\$37,485	60,043
Fund balance - January 1		_	267,539	_	207,496
Fund balance - December 31		=	\$290,314	=	\$267,539

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - INFORMATION MANAGEMENT - 35

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2024					
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:				(ha m <a)< th=""><th>00.50.001</th></a)<>	00.50.001	
General property taxes	\$256,190	\$256,190	\$252,428	(\$3,762)	\$253,821	
Intergovernmental		-	16,964	16,964	64	
Investment income	14,956	14,956	24,031	9,075	17,639	
Total revenues	271,146	271,146	293,423	22,277	271,524	
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Administration	120,596	120,596	99,378	21,218	76,356	
Programs:	·	•				
Boundary management program	5,000	5,000	769	4,231	15,464	
District-wide model	40,000	40,000	12,622	27,378	37,459	
Database & viewer maintenance	65,000	65,000	26,678	38,322	31,503	
District website	5,000	5,000	3,194	1,806	55,253	
Capital outlay	30,000	30,000	26,550	3,450	-	
Debt Service:						
Principal	5,550	5,550	5,050	500	4,824	
Interest	-	-	143	(143)	241	
Total expenditures	271,146	271,146	174,384	96,762	221,100	
Revenues over expenditures	\$0	\$0	119,039	\$119,039	50,424	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out			-	bet	(200,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$0	\$0	119,039	\$119,039	(149,576)	
Fund balance - January 1		_	304,429	_	454,005	
Fund balance - December 31		_	\$423,468	_	\$304,429	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - RESTORATION PROJECTS - 60

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		20	24		
				Variance with	
				Final Budget -	
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Positive	2023
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$1,224,994	\$1,224,994	\$1,218,262	(\$6,732)	\$1,031,929
Special assessments	-	-	223	223	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	454,343	454,343	47,490
Investment income	119,427	119,427	191,894	72,467	113,189
Miscellaneous	_	-			1,200
Total revenues	1,344,421	1,344,421	1,864,722	520,301	1,193,808
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Administration	357,554	257 554	219 205	120.250	140.266
Programs:	337,334	357,554	218,295	139,259	149,266
Anoka Chain of Lakes water management project	300,000	300,000	490,993	(190,993)	24,378
Lower Rice Creek water management project	175,000	175,000	64,481	110,519	27,382
Middle Rice Creek water management project	10,000	10,000	04,401	10,000	913
Bald Eagle Lake WMD	31,789	31,789	3,517	28,272	913
Bald Eagle Lake water management project	110,000	110,000	16,634	93,366	12,185
RCD 2, 3 & 5 basic water management project	200,000	200,000	19,206	180,794	110,796
Regional water management partnership projects	50,000	50,000	19,200	50,000	67,838
Stormwater management cost share	632,000	632,000	22,702	609,298	179,932
Southwest urban lakes implementation	75,000	75,000	1,411	73,589	179,932
Clear Lake water quality	75,000	75,000	-		*
Stormwater master planning	50,000	50,000	33,451	75,000 16,549	14 10,000
Municipal CIP early coordination	10,000	10,000	4,625		10,000
Groundwater management & stormwater reuse	65,000	65,000	40,638	5,375 24,362	3,966
Capital outlay	12,750	12,750	•	6,989	-
Debt Service:	12,730	12,730	5,761	0,989	-
Principal	11,100	11,100	10,099	1,001	9,647
Interest	**,100	-	285	(285)	482
Total expenditures	2,165,193	2,165,193	932,098	1,233,095	610,816
		2,100,130	302,030	1,200,000	010,010
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(\$820,772)	(\$820,772)	932,624	\$1,753,396	582,992
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	-	-	_	-	(2,200,000)
Net change in fund balance	(\$820,772)	(\$820,772)	932,624	\$1,753,396	(1,617,008)
Fund balance - January 1			2,578,160		4,195,168
Fund balance - December 31			\$3,510,784	4	\$2,578,160

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - REGULATORY - 70

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

2024 Variance with Final Budget -Positive 2023 **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Revenues: (\$19,028)\$1,050,395 \$1,295,690 \$1,295,690 \$1,276,662 General property taxes 11,263 11,263 262 Intergovernmental 79,043 Investment income 87,743 87,743 140,985 53,242 100,548 86 Licenses and permits 85,528 85,528 85,614 1,164 71 Miscellaneous 71 45,634 1,231,412 1,468,961 1,514,595 Total revenues 1,468,961 Expenditures: General government: 113,834 427,600 436,427 550,261 550,261 Administration Programs: Rule revision & permit guidance 50,000 50,000 37,844 12,156 352,466 677,463 950,000 950,000 597,534 Permit review, inspection & coordination 6,989 12,750 5,761 Capital outlay 12,750 Debt Service: 27,750 27,750 25,250 2,500 24,118 Principal (713)1,206 Interest 713 1,590,761 1,590,761 1,103,529 487,232 1,130,387 Total expenditures (\$121,800) (\$121,800) 411,066 \$532,866 101,025 Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses): (500,000)Transfers out (\$121,800)(\$121,800) 411,066 \$532,866 (398,975)Net change in fund balance Fund balance - January 1 779,492 1,178,467 \$779,492 Fund balance - December 31 \$1,190,558

RICE CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - DITCH AND CREEK MAINTENANCE - 80
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2024	4		
	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	2023
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$1,208,395	\$1,208,395	\$1,190,648	(\$17,747)	\$918,928
Special assessments	26,782	26,782	23,394	(3,388)	102,286
Intergovernmental	-	-	45,934	45,934	14,611
Investment income	96,029	96,029	154,298	58,269	113,133
Miscellaneous	2,405	2,405	19,800	17,395	27,296
Total revenues	1,333,611	1,333,611	1,434,074	100,463	1,176,254
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Administration	301,411	301,411	239,602	61,809	242 401
Programs;	501,411	301,411	239,002	01,009	242,491
Municipal Public Drainage System Maintenance	50,000	50,000		50,000	
Repair reports & studies	200,000	200,000	199,457	543	176,733
Ditches - maintenance	335,000	335,000	326,871	8,129	156,921
Natural waterway management	10,000	10,000	320,871	10,000	130,921
ACD 10-22-32 WMD	14,124	14,124	-	14,124	-
ACD 46 WMD	39,710	39,710	11,990	27,720	-
RCD 4 WMD	145,000	145,000	133,423	•	92.050
RCD 4 repair	95,000	95,000	89,649	11,577 5,351	83,959
AWJD 3 repair	130,000	130,000	268,772	·	861
ACD 15 & AWJD 4	248,370	248,370	200,772	(138,772)	173,132
ACD 53-62 WMD	42,985	42,985	13,799	248,367	3
ACD 53-62 repair	100,000	100,000	,	29,186	219,928
Capital outlay	12,750		29,359	70,641	121,750
Debt Service:	12,730	12,750	5,761	6,989	-
Principal	16,650	16,650	15 140	1 501	14.481
Interest	10,030	10,030	15,149	1,501	14,471
Total expenditures	1,741,000	1,741,000	428	(428)	723
Total expellentates	1,741,000	1,741,000	1,334,263	406,737	1,190,972
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(407,389)	(407,389)	99,811	507,200	(14,718)
Other financing sources (uses);					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_		59,650	59,650	-
Net change in fund balance	(\$407,389)	(\$407,389)	\$159,461	\$566,850	(\$14,718)
<u> </u>	(\$107,309)	(ψτο 1,303)	φ1 <i>32</i> ,τ01	\$300,630	(414,718)
Fund balance - January 1			1,571,037		1,585,755
Fund balance - December 31			\$1,730,498	-	\$1,571,037

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - LAKE AND STREAM MANAGEMENT - 90

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

2024 Variance with Final Budget -**Budgeted Amounts** Positive 2023 Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Revenues: \$917,935 \$917,935 \$904,456 (\$13,479)\$994,344 General property taxes 60,837 Intergovernmental 240 240 Investment income 101,655 38,389 60,244 63,266 63,266 Miscellaneous 4,659 1,120,084 Total revenues 981,201 981,201 1,006,351 25,150 Expenditures: General government: Administration 70,525 259,403 346,151 346,151 275,626 Programs: 94,936 Water quality grant program 287,000 179,095 107,905 287,000 Surface water monitoring program 149,482 240,000 240,000 221,061 18,939 120,304 79,696 183,350 Common carp management 200,000 200,000 50,000 50,000 7,427 42,573 26,434 Curly leaf pondweed management Capital outlay 12,750 12,750 14,536 (1,786)Debt Service: Principal 11,100 11,100 10,099 1,001 9,647 Interest 285 (285)482 1,147,001 1,147,001 828,433 318,568 723,734 Total expenditures 177,918 396,350 Revenues over (under) expenditures (\$165,800)(\$165,800)\$343,718 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (1,600,000)(\$165,800) (\$165,800) \$343,718 Net change in fund balance 177,918 (1,203,650)Fund balance - January 1 981,555 2,185,205 Fund balance - December 31 \$1,159,473 \$981,555

Fund balance - December 31

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - DISTRICT FACILITIES - 95

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

2024 Variance with Final Budget -**Budgeted Amounts** Positive 2023 Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Revenues: General property taxes \$476,544 \$476,544 \$469,545 (\$6,999)\$698,906 Intergovernmental 125 125 174 Investment income 35,391 35,391 56,866 39,397 21,475 Total revenues 511,935 511,935 526,536 14,601 738,477 Expenditures: General government: Administration 202,335 202,335 164,486 37,849 157,313 Programs: District facilities repair 301,000 301,000 301,000 1,391 Inspection, operation & maintenance 120,000 120,000 105,675 14,325 48,052 Capital outlay 12,750 12,750 5,760 6,990 Debt Service: Principal 5,550 5,550 5,050 500 4,824 Interest 143 (143)241 Total expenditures 641,635 641,635 281,114 360,521 211,821 Revenues over (under) expenditures (\$129,700)(\$129,700)\$375,122 245,422 526,656 Fund balance - January 1 906,497 379,841

\$1,151,919

Exhibit 7

\$906,497

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

509 PLANNING FUND - PROJECT ANTICIPATION FUND - 99
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2024					
	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2023		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	*	\$	\$	\$	\$4,500,000		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	0	\$0	4,500,000		
Fund balance - January 1			4,500,000				
Fund balance - December 31			\$4,500,000		\$4,500,000		

OTHER INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

	•									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Ramsey County	\$2,234,648	\$2,255,190	\$2,260,135	\$2,244,642	\$2,380,608	\$2,682,100	\$2,784,025	\$2,765,785	\$2,877,215	\$2,917,144
Anoka County	1,128,470	1,200,535	1,175,521	1,215,977	1,287,817	1,434,715	1,543,088	1,556,638	1,644,027	1,826,827
Washington County	846,772	870,937	867,386	848,569	920,932	1,008,834	1,060,719	1,047,202	1,107,578	1,233,953
Hennepin County	30,080	30,239	34,244	32,838	34,135	37,345	39,970	39,638	44,232	43,505
Total	4,239,970	4,356,901	4,337,286	4,342,026	4,623,492	5,162,994	5,427,802	5,409,263	5,673,052	6,021,429
Minnesota State Aid - Market Value Credit	1,613	1,579	1,453	1,272	1,351	1,432	1,432	1,450	1,430	1,593
Total revenue	\$4,241,583	\$4,358,480	\$4,338,739	\$4,343,298	\$4,624,843	\$5,164,426	\$5,429,234	\$5,410,713	\$5,674,482	\$6,023,022
Levy amount - per RCWD budget	\$4,300,000	\$4,383,000	\$4,383,000	\$4,383,000	\$4,710,392	\$5,181,376	\$5,181,376	\$5,409,299	\$5,458,494	\$6,099,752
Collection percentage	98.6%	99.4%	99.0%	99.1%	98.2%	99.7%	104.8%	100.0%	104.0%	98.7%

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Honorable Managers of Rice Creek Watershed District Blaine, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rice Creek Watershed District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Rice Creek Watershed District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rice Creek Watershed District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rice Creek Watershed District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Managers, management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Redipath and Company LLC

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LLC St. Paul, Minnesota

March 14, 2025



MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

To the Honorable Managers of Rice Creek Watershed District Blaine, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rice Creek Watershed District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rice Creek Watershed District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2025.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Rice Creek Watershed District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding Rice Creek Watershed District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of Rice Creek Watershed District and the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Redpoth and Company LCC

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LLC St. Paul, Minnesota

March 14, 2025